

WHOSE WAS THE BLAME?

The Coroner Has Grappled This Important Question.

TESTIMONY AT THE INQUEST.

Some Conflict of Opinion As to the Former Soundness of the Collapsed Wall—Several Witnesses Examined.

The Inquest Begun.

Coroner Drexel and his jury, consisting of Messrs. Jim Stephenson, Henry Gibson, John Haumer, A. R. Fenwick, Nat Brown and George Guy, after viewing the poor mutilated remains of the victims of Monday's fatality in the falling of the Max Meyer building, repaired to the council chamber, with a determination to get at the facts connected with this disaster, and to rigorously conduct the taking of testimony. A number of witnesses had been summoned to appear before the inquest.

L. A. Welsh, in charge of the United States signal station, was the first person called, and he referred to the original watch sheet of Monday and stated that between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock the highest velocity attained was forty miles an hour, and that the wind blew at that rate for five minutes, from 11:55 to 12 o'clock noon; that there was a higher wind at 3:35, in the afternoon, when the maximum rate was reached; that in the language of the signal service the wind was a hurricane. The witness further stated that at 11:55 a. m. the hurricane rendered it more capable of wrecking obstacles in its course.

CHIEF GALLAGHER.

At 1:55 Monday, heard the alarm at engine house No. 1, and on coming around the corner of Tenth and Farnam streets, saw that the Max Meyer building had collapsed on the buildings east of it. He received information that eight or ten people were under the ruins. This gentleman had charge of the fire party, and led the men from the wreck on a ladder placed by Farnam street. Another man was helped out at a point six feet from the front of the building occupied by Boyer. Then Mrs. Elizabeth Hengen was removed and after that lady, Olson, Martin, and the fireman, who was lying under the debris. Olson was located at the northeast corner of the building, about six feet from the wall, and by the timbers that were lying over him. The next dead man discovered was Mitchell, within two or three feet of where the fireman had been near the entry. His body had been swept out of the building. A dead man was found dead alongside of Mitchell, and Boyer's lifeless form was pulled from under a platform.

The examination of the burned building shortly after the fire, by the chief, showed that the configuration was most severe around the elevator shaft, and that the four feet of Max Meyer's building, next to the buildings that were crushed, had no partition wall only in the rear part of the second story where there were three rooms. The second story was free, the second story joists were not burned, but those of the third were so that from the second floor to the top of the fire wall on the east wall, there was a piece of wall about twenty-two feet high without support.

Pressed by the witness did not feel like asserting positively that the walls had been weakened by the fire, but he would say that, inasmuch as no bulging of the walls had been observed, and he had considered the walls to be safe; that the only weak spot he had picked out was at the southeast corner where the cornice was broken. The witness further stated that the persons who had suffered fatalities came to their death by the fall of a portion of the east wall, and that he had seen his experience in buildings that had been burned out as this one had been, that the fall of the wall had been largely contributed to by the portion of the wall which was attached to the east wall, and which had probably been raised in by the wind accumulated underneath in such a way as to force the wall over.

Juror Jim Stephenson at this point put a number of questions to the witness, who was one of the building committee, and he revealed to be the duty of the chief in case he entertained doubt of the safety of the building, to notify Building Inspector Whitlock, and that the witness had called the attention of the building inspector to the matter, but that the inspector had not stepped to the stand and stated that it was his business to look after buildings that had been injured by fire or other causes, and that immediately after the fire in the Max Meyer building he had made a survey of the premises from the collar to the roof, and found the walls and partitions in good shape, with the exception of the south wall, which he was afraid of and the pier which seemed to hang out. The fire started in the elevator, and in the east forty-four feet of the structure the joists were not much impaired. Monday morning at 11 o'clock, said the witness, he was in the third story and went through an opening in the division wall and looked at the front piers to see if there was any danger. There was not a crack in the building probably six or seven times from the occurrence of the fire to that time. I walked along that portion of the wall which has gone over, and there was not a crack in the third floor burned out, and the section that fell was north of the center of the east wall. I should think that it, from the second floor to the top of the fire wall on the east side of the building is in the neighborhood of twenty-five feet. In this building there was not much damage along the wall that fell, and the damage was not more than 2 per cent. I didn't consider that there was more than fifteen feet of wall supported by the piers, and that was across the building southeast, I didn't make a note of how much. There was twenty-five feet of wall on the east side of the center of the building. There was sixty feet of fire wall on the Hoyer building to brace the wall that fell, and if I had not thought the wall safe I would have taken steps to avert the catastrophe. I met Meyer the morning after the fire at Harney and Twenty-fourth and seeing that the building was adding a story to the building, and afterwards, I think it was on the 30th of the month, hearing that they were getting ready for another story, I wrote to Mendelssohn and Lovrie the architects that I did not think it advisable to put on another story, and received an answer stating that the architect was out of the city and that broke off the matter. The joists in the first, second and third stories were in good shape, and a piece that was burned out diagonally across the building from the elevator hallway toward the east, but the roof joists were nearly burned out, and the section that was north of the center of the fallen story.

Further search for bodies in the ruins has been abandoned.

Indicate that all of them are improving with the exception of Charles Hiale, whose life was in danger. It is now feared that he will lose the sight of his eye. Mrs. Hengen is still in a dangerous condition, the outcome of which can not be foretold.

Mrs. Boyer yesterday received a telegram from the members of the Hall Safe company in Chicago, Ill., expressing their grief at the death of her husband and extending their sympathies. An attaché of the company left Cincinnati last night to be present at Mr. Boyer's funeral, which will occur this afternoon at 10 o'clock from the family residence on Lawrence street, and burial will be at Forest Lawn.

or secure such wall or dangerous parts of a burned building, he shall be subject to a fine of \$50 for each and every day such violation shall continue.

Charles Ogden, esq., requested the witness to state if he had not noticed that the wind, instead of blowing the dust in the streets from one side to the other, as it ordinarily did, was blowing light surface currents in little spirals upward so wastefully as to disclose its great destructiveness.

Mr. Whitlock was at home at the time of the fatality, but from his observations while out of doors opined that Monday's gusts were as severe as any that ever visited this part of Nebraska. The inference might be that section of the north wall of the section of the wall that was blown over being raised by the wind helped to overbalance the east wall. It was not in violation of the rule in the construction of buildings to close up the windows and doors as a protection to walls, but there were closed iron shutters on the windows of the building and his recollection was that most of the glass on the Eleventh street elevation was in position.

Jim Stephenson wanted to know if it was right the other day when a couple of people after the fashion they were slaughtered on Monday, and said that as far as he could see, the responsibility, that somebody was at fault and the jury was going to run him down, and if the building was not secure Mr. Meyer should have been notified to make the locality safe. To this the witness responded that even if he had condemned the walls the insurance experts would have discontinued the policy.

"Well," said Mr. Stephenson, "there is no doubt that these six persons were killed by the falling of the wall, and no matter whether the responsibility rests at the door of the building committee or anybody else's door, someone will be made to shoulder his portion of the blame."

"You will have to let it come your way," replied the witness.

J. G. Sausbrey, builder, had been an appraiser of the fire damage and had examined the wood work. In the northeast corner of the building, he had found a hole in the wall north of the center, and 15 to 20 feet of joists were burned out on the third story next to the east wall. This wall was not seen to have been much fire against the wall, and it did not appear to be badly damaged. The witness further stated that where the wall fell, although he had not been down there since the accident, that it was not usual to cover windows of buildings with iron shutters, and that the building was supported by the Boyer building and the thickness of the walls of the building were such that he would have considered the fatal east wall safe.

Stevenson suggested that it had turned out that the wall was not sound, and that expert evidence was not to be relied upon. The witness stated that he was one of the appraising committee, and that it had found the wall to be sound.

J. C. Burns had made an examination of the burned building from the east side of the east wall, and he thought that the walls were in a very good state of preservation, and very little damaged by fire. He was asked if such walls as the east one had been were unsupported for twenty feet if it would have remained standing all right, and replied in the affirmative. He was asked if he had any other chimneys at each end, and saying that it would generally be considered safe. He did not think that the wall that was not supported, he did not see any necessity for condemning the wall at the time he made his examination.

The best opinion here in regard to the cause of the fire was given by the witness, William W. Cotton, of the treasury, of the navy, and attorney general. As General Harrison was secretary of state, and Hon. C. E. Idings and wife of Nebraska. The witness further stated that the chimney there leaned out from the wall, but the wall was plumb. These chimneys had fallen with the wall. He thought there was a quarter of an inch crack in the chimney. He would consider the east wall at the time he examined it, without being bound by joists and roof, and that he had seen the building stand as it was. He said that Mr. Meyer had seen him in relation to fixing the loose pieces connected with the building and that he had seen the chimney of anything seriously dangerous attaching to leaving the building in the condition in which it was left, but would most likely have noticed Mr. Meyer at that time.

of secure such wall or dangerous parts of a burned building, he shall be subject to a fine of \$50 for each and every day such violation shall continue.

Charles Ogden, esq., requested the witness to state if he had not noticed that the wind, instead of blowing the dust in the streets from one side to the other, as it ordinarily did, was blowing light surface currents in little spirals upward so wastefully as to disclose its great destructiveness.

Mr. Whitlock was at home at the time of the fatality, but from his observations while out of doors opined that Monday's gusts were as severe as any that ever visited this part of Nebraska. The inference might be that section of the north wall of the section of the wall that was blown over being raised by the wind helped to overbalance the east wall. It was not in violation of the rule in the construction of buildings to close up the windows and doors as a protection to walls, but there were closed iron shutters on the windows of the building and his recollection was that most of the glass on the Eleventh street elevation was in position.

Jim Stephenson wanted to know if it was right the other day when a couple of people after the fashion they were slaughtered on Monday, and said that as far as he could see, the responsibility, that somebody was at fault and the jury was going to run him down, and if the building was not secure Mr. Meyer should have been notified to make the locality safe. To this the witness responded that even if he had condemned the walls the insurance experts would have discontinued the policy.

"Well," said Mr. Stephenson, "there is no doubt that these six persons were killed by the falling of the wall, and no matter whether the responsibility rests at the door of the building committee or anybody else's door, someone will be made to shoulder his portion of the blame."

"You will have to let it come your way," replied the witness.

J. G. Sausbrey, builder, had been an appraiser of the fire damage and had examined the wood work. In the northeast corner of the building, he had found a hole in the wall north of the center, and 15 to 20 feet of joists were burned out on the third story next to the east wall. This wall was not seen to have been much fire against the wall, and it did not appear to be badly damaged. The witness further stated that where the wall fell, although he had not been down there since the accident, that it was not usual to cover windows of buildings with iron shutters, and that the building was supported by the Boyer building and the thickness of the walls of the building were such that he would have considered the fatal east wall safe.

Stevenson suggested that it had turned out that the wall was not sound, and that expert evidence was not to be relied upon. The witness stated that he was one of the appraising committee, and that it had found the wall to be sound.

J. C. Burns had made an examination of the burned building from the east side of the east wall, and he thought that the walls were in a very good state of preservation, and very little damaged by fire. He was asked if such walls as the east one had been were unsupported for twenty feet if it would have remained standing all right, and replied in the affirmative. He was asked if he had any other chimneys at each end, and saying that it would generally be considered safe. He did not think that the wall that was not supported, he did not see any necessity for condemning the wall at the time he made his examination.

The best opinion here in regard to the cause of the fire was given by the witness, William W. Cotton, of the treasury, of the navy, and attorney general. As General Harrison was secretary of state, and Hon. C. E. Idings and wife of Nebraska. The witness further stated that the chimney there leaned out from the wall, but the wall was plumb. These chimneys had fallen with the wall. He thought there was a quarter of an inch crack in the chimney. He would consider the east wall at the time he examined it, without being bound by joists and roof, and that he had seen the building stand as it was. He said that Mr. Meyer had seen him in relation to fixing the loose pieces connected with the building and that he had seen the chimney of anything seriously dangerous attaching to leaving the building in the condition in which it was left, but would most likely have noticed Mr. Meyer at that time.

LINCOLN NEWS AND NOTES.

Business Transacted in the Supreme and District Courts.

GOVERNOR THAYER SAYS A WORD

Later Details Concerning the Tragedy at the Norfolk Asylum—Gossip Gleaned at the Capital City.

LINCOLN BUREAU OF THE OMAHA BEE, 1029 P STREET, LINCOLN, FEB. 5.

The February term of the district court of Lancaster county commenced yesterday. No important business was considered by the court. The day was spent in the preliminary work for the trial of Beers, the man who murdered his sweetheart a year or so ago, and who received a respite from the death penalty by the decision of the supreme court, remanding the case for a new trial. It took until noon today to impart the jury that will sit in his trial a second time for deliberate murder. Judge Chapman will sit during the trial. He first heard and passed sentence upon the prisoner. It is understood that the plea of the defense is insanity.

STEARNS PROSECUTES AND J. H. STROUD AND C. W. LAUNING DEFENDS. The opinion prevails that the case will occupy the time of the court two or three days. The story of the crime is too well known for repetition at this time.

THE HORRORS OF THE NORFOLK ASYLUM TRAGEDY have never been told. Carl Korth, treasurer of Pierce county, was in the city today, and while here he told the story of the affair to the Bee representative. He had it from the lips of Mrs. Hartman, a sister of Rev. Paulow, pastor of the Lutheran church of the northeast side of the city. It seems that when the hour came for the operation, for the alleged purpose of removing a tumor, she was a Catholic, and her second wife, Mrs. Hartman, and another lady, whose name had escaped the memory of Mr. Korth, Prior, lawyer, at this time, Carrie Southard, the tumor, but Dr. D. A. Hanson, who diagnosed her case and gave her a true statement of her condition. This she refused to believe, and she was taken to the hospital, although two Omaha physicians had told her the same thing. The girl's confidence in Kelly seemed to be unshaken. As she put it, in her own words, "Dr. Kelly told me it was not so, and I never knew any man in my way." The poor girl went to the prison, her father, professor, Dr. Kelly, who was in the city, and she was braided her and she sought spiritual guidance of Rev. Paulow, and by his means Mrs. Hartman became interested in her case.

When the hour came for the operation Mrs. Hartman and a lady attendant were present. No women were allowed to be near the room. The order for them to go was peremptory, and when they were permitted to see the girl, they were told to go. The girl was in the room, and she was told to go. The girl was in the room, and she was told to go. The girl was in the room, and she was told to go.

THE INSPECTORS OF VESSELS. WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The supervisors of steam vessels concluded their annual session today. Several amendments were made in the requirements as to steel plates of boiler, etc. Resolutions were adopted advising towing steamers on western rivers to carry two white lights three feet apart and fifteen feet above the pilot house, and the same to be placed upon the starboard side of the pilot house, and thence across overhead to the fore and aft, side of the pilot house, and the same to be attached to the back of the pilot house to be arranged the reverse way. The vessels to be used by a treadle on the starboard side opposite the pilot wheel.

DEMAND NEW MEXICO'S ADMISION. WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—In the territorial committee conference today it was apparent that there would be an earnest effort made to agree upon a bill that could be unanimously reported to the senate. It would include New Mexico if the house conferees agree to support the measure. They are reported to be willing to withdraw their objections to the admission of New Mexico if the senate republican caucus in favor of the admission of New Mexico may induce the territorial conferees to agree to such a compromise.

BEN BUTLER AGAINST BISMARCK. WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—Senator Frye does not look with favor upon Bismarck's proposal to remove the Samoan conference to Berlin. He says we ought to quit running around at Bismarck's beck and call in this matter. But a bill is drafted to accede to his request. Frye wants Ben Butler sent over as one of our representatives. He thinks Ben can cope with the iron chancellor.

STILL BALLOTING FOR SENATOR. CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 5.—Two ballots were taken today for United States senator. The first ballot resulted: Goff, 43; Kenna, 27; Pomeroy, 2; Herold, 2; Walker, 1; Governor Wilson, 1. In the second Kenna gained 1 and was dropped. As matters now stand it appears that Kenna will not be returned.

SOOTHES AND HEALS. SANTA ABIE soothes and heals the membranes of the throat and lungs, and prevents inflammation by dissolving the phlegm in the chest, cures coughs, croup, asthma, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, whooping cough and all other throat and lung troubles. No other medicine so successful in curing nasal catarrh as CAT-RHINE. The enormous and increasing demand for these standard California remedies confirm their merits. Sold and absolutely guaranteed by Goodman Drug Co., at \$1 a package. Three for \$2.50.

FLETCHER RELEASED FROM CUSTODY. TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 5.—Justice Monahan today gave judgment in the case of Edward Fletcher, of Kankakee, Ill., releasing the prisoner from custody. Fletcher was held on a writ of capias in a suit brought against him by Wm. Rice to recover \$20,000 damages for alienating the affections of Rice's wife and for adultery.

CATARRH CURED. Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by Goodman Drug Co.

THE NATURALIZATION BILL. WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—A favorable report has been ordered by the house judiciary committee on the naturalization bill, which has been pending for some weeks before the committee. Mr. Gates will make the report, and while in the house the bill is not expected to be passed.

BROWN BROTHERS' LOSS BY FIRE LAST NIGHT was well covered by insurance. It is said that the great loss of the boys' wall is in time, in getting ready to resume business. This, however, is thought to be enough. Billings remains in dignified silence. It is said that the boys' wall was sold for \$400,000, and that he pocketed a snug profit in the deal. His extravagance is the talk on the streets, and it is feared that his station will be abolished.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

L. P. HOLLANDER & CO.

BOSTON, - - - MASS.

Our representative will be at the Paxton Hotel, February 7, 8 and 9, and will take pleasure in showing our Spring and Summer selections for the several departments of our business, comprising

Ladies' Dress-Making and Tailoring. Misses' and Childrens' Dresses and Garments. Boys' Clothing, (To Order and Ready-Made.) Ladies' and Misses' Millinery. Fine Neckwear and General Furnishings. Samples of advance styles in Dress Goods (to arrive later), will be shown, from which to take orders, or to sell by the yard.

L. P. HOLLANDER & CO., Boston, Mass.

It Makes You Hungry

"I have used Paine's Colery Compound and it had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. T. CORLAND, Jr., C. C. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Paine's Colery Compound The Best Spring Medicine. "In the spring of 1867 I was all run down. I would eat in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Colery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can confidently recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." Mrs. H. A. Dow, Burlington, Vt.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

DIAMOND DYES (Color anything any color. Never Fades! Always Bright!) LACTATED FOOD (Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physician's Favorite.)

RADWAY'S PILLS. ALWAYS RELIABLE. PURELY VEGETABLE. For the Cure of ALL DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, COSTIVENESS, CATARRHS, PILES, HEMORRHOIDS, PAINS IN THE BACK, DRAGGING OF THE LIMBS, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, FEVER, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, PILES, and all derangement of the Internal Viscera. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They tone up the internal secretions of the system, restore to the stomach and bowels their normal action, and induce a healthy condition of the system. Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists. RADWAY & CO., New York.

HIMEBAUGH & TAYLOR. Hardware and Cutlery. Mechanics' Tools, Fine Bronze Builders' Goods and Buffalo Scales. 1405 Douglas St., Omaha.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED! THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY. Omaha, Council Bluffs and Chicago.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY. Incorporated by the legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1874, by an overwhelming popular vote.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS, For Integrity of its Drawings, and Prompt Payment of Prizes. ATTENDED AS FOLLOWS: "We hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are held in public view, and are subject to the good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures, in all its advertisements."

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, February 12. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000. 100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Half \$5; Quarters \$2.50; Tenth \$1; Twentieth \$0.50.

LIST OF PRIZES. 1 PRIZE OF \$50,000 \$50,000. 2 PRIZES OF 10,000 each 20,000. 3 PRIZES OF 5,000 each 15,000. 4 PRIZES OF 2,500 each 10,000. 5 PRIZES OF 1,000 each 5,000. 10 PRIZES OF 500 each 5,000. 20 PRIZES OF 250 each 5,000. 50 PRIZES OF 100 each 5,000. APPROXIMATION PRIZES. 100 Prizes of \$200 each 20,000. 100 Prizes of \$100 each 10,000. 100 Prizes of \$50 each 5,000. 100 Prizes of \$25 each 2,500. 100 Prizes of \$10 each 1,000. 100 Prizes of \$5 each 500. 100 Prizes of \$2 each 200. 100 Prizes of \$1 each 100. 100 Prizes of \$0.50 each 50. 100 Prizes of \$0.25 each 25. 100 Prizes of \$0.10 each 10. 100 Prizes of \$0.05 each 5. 100 Prizes of \$0.02 each 2. 100 Prizes of \$0.01 each 1.

THE EAST. TWO TRAINS DAILY BETWEEN OMAHA AND COUNCIL BLUFFS. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Cedar Rapids, Iowa Falls, Dubuque, Rockford, Clinton, Burlington, Dayton, Elgin, Madison, La Crosse, Holy, Winona, and all other important points East, North and South. For through tickets, call on the ticket agent at 151 Farnam street in Barker Block, or at Union Pacific Depot.

FOR MEN ONLY! A POSITIVE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, General and NERVOUS DEBILITY, CURE OF ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY ORGANS, and all other ailments of the male system. No matter how long the disease has existed, it can be cured. Address: E. H. HALL, 151 Farnam Street, Omaha, Neb.

SMOKE Tansil's Punch Cigars. Tansil's Punch Cigars were shipped during the war, and were without a stain. They are the only cigars in the world made in this way. They are a delicious and refreshing smoke. One good cigar is worth a dozen of the others. Sold by all dealers. R. W. TANSIL & CO., 55 State St. Chicago.

RUPTURE. A new and effective method of curing Rupture, Hernia, and all other ailments of the abdominal region. No operation required. Address: R. W. TANSIL & CO., 55 State St. Chicago.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST. Sold by Druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICE. L. P. HOLLANDER & CO. BOSTON, - - - MASS. Our representative will be at the Paxton Hotel, February 7, 8 and 9, and will take pleasure in showing our Spring and Summer selections for the several departments of our business, comprising Ladies' Dress-Making and Tailoring. Misses' and Childrens' Dresses and Garments. Boys' Clothing, (To Order and Ready-Made.) Ladies' and Misses' Millinery. Fine Neckwear and General Furnishings. Samples of advance styles in Dress Goods (to arrive later), will be shown, from which to take orders, or to sell by the yard. L. P. HOLLANDER & CO., Boston, Mass.

It Makes You Hungry. "I have used Paine's Colery Compound and it had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. T. CORLAND, Jr., C. C. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Paine's Colery Compound The Best Spring Medicine. "In the spring of 1867 I was all run down. I would eat in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Colery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can confidently recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." Mrs. H. A. Dow, Burlington, Vt. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt. DIAMOND DYES (Color anything any color. Never Fades! Always Bright!) LACTATED FOOD (Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physician's Favorite.)

RADWAY'S PILLS. ALWAYS RELIABLE. PURELY VEGETABLE. For the Cure of ALL DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, COSTIVENESS, CATARRHS, PILES, HEMORRHOIDS, PAINS IN THE BACK, DRAGGING OF THE LIMBS, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, FEVER, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, PILES, and all derangement of the Internal Viscera. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They tone up the internal secretions of the system, restore to the stomach and bowels their normal action, and induce a healthy condition of the system. Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists. RADWAY & CO., New York.

HIMEBAUGH & TAYLOR. Hardware and Cutlery. Mechanics' Tools, Fine Bronze Builders' Goods and Buffalo Scales. 1405 Douglas St., Omaha.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED! THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY. Omaha, Council Bluffs and Chicago.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY. Incorporated by the legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1874, by an overwhelming popular vote.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS, For Integrity of its Drawings, and Prompt Payment of Prizes. ATTENDED AS FOLLOWS: "We hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are held in public view, and are subject to the good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures, in all its advertisements."

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, February 12. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000. 100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Half \$5; Quarters \$2.50; Tenth \$1; Twentieth \$0.50.

THE EAST. TWO TRAINS DAILY BETWEEN OMAHA AND COUNCIL BLUFFS. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Cedar Rapids, Iowa Falls, Dubuque, Rockford, Clinton, Burlington, Dayton, Elgin, Madison, La Crosse, Holy, Winona, and all other important points East, North and South. For through tickets, call on the ticket agent at 151 Farnam street in Barker Block, or at Union Pacific Depot.

FOR MEN ONLY! A POSITIVE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, General and NERVOUS DEBILITY, CURE OF ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY ORGANS, and all other ailments of the male system. No matter how long the disease has existed, it can be cured. Address: E. H. HALL, 151 Farnam Street, Omaha, Neb.

SMOKE Tansil's Punch Cigars. Tansil's Punch Cigars were shipped during the war, and were without a stain. They are the only cigars in the world made in this way. They are a delicious and refreshing smoke. One good cigar is worth a dozen of the others. Sold by all dealers. R. W. TANSIL & CO., 55 State St. Chicago.

RUPTURE. A new and effective method of curing Rupture, Hernia, and all other ailments of the abdominal region. No operation required. Address: R. W. TANSIL & CO., 55 State St. Chicago.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST. Sold by Druggists.

THE MUSTANG LINIMENT. Penetrates Muscles, Membranes and Tissues to the very Marrow Bones. Give it one trial and you will be convinced. It is called upon to cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Neuralgia, Contracted Muscles, Dislocated Joints, Sprains, Strains, Rags, Swellings, Pains, Bruises, Sprains, Stings, Bites and Poisonous Stings, Cuts, Back and every ailment that can be cured by an OINTMENT APPLICATION.

THE MUSTANG LINIMENT. Thus the "Mustang" conquers pain, Makes MAN or BEAST well again!

THE MUSTANG LINIMENT. Penetrates Muscles, Membranes and Tissues to the very Marrow Bones. Give it one trial and you will be convinced. It is called upon to cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Neuralgia, Contracted Muscles, Dislocated Joints, Sprains, Strains, Rags, Swellings, Pains, Bruises, Sprains, Stings, Bites and Poisonous Stings, Cuts, Back and every ailment that can be cured by an OINTMENT APPLICATION.

THE MUSTANG LINIMENT. Thus the "Mustang" conquers pain, Makes MAN or BEAST well again!